UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/780,618	02/12/2001	Martin Sommer	SGW-109	9111
23599 MILLEN WH	7590 11/01/2007 ITE 7ELANO & RRANI	EXAM	EXAMINER	
MILLEN, WHITE, ZELANO & BRANIGAN, P.C. 2200 CLARENDON BLVD.			CHEVALIER, ALICIA ANN	
	SUITE 1400 ARLINGTON, VA 22201		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, <u></u>			
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/01/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
		09/780,618	SOMMER ET AL.		
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
		Alicia Chevalier	1794		
	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap				
Period fo					
WHI( - Exte after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Densions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing datent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNION 136(a). In no event, however, may a red will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON te, cause the application to become AB	CATION. eply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this communication. DANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 A	August 2007.			
	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.				
3)□	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.		
Disposit	ion of Claims				
4) 又	Claim(s) <u>30,31,33-51 and 53-70</u> is/are pendin	a in the application.			
٠/حـــ	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	- ''	•		
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	1	•		
·	Claim(s) 30,31,33-51 and 53-70 is/are rejecte	ed.			
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.			
Applicat	ion Papers				
	The specification is objected to by the Examin	er			
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc		by the Examiner.		
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ction is required if the drawing(	(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.		
Priority :	under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
			440(-) (-)		
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:	n priority under 35 0.5.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).		
. a)	Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received			
	Certified copies of the priority document     Certified copies of the priority document		polication No		
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	·			
٠	application from the International Burea	•	received in this National Stage		
* (	See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	received.		
Attachmer	nt(s)				
_	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview S	Summary (PTO-413)		
2) Notic	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s	s)/Mail Date		
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of In	nformal Patent Application		

## RESPONSE TO AMENDMENT

1. Claims 30, 31, 33-51 and 53-70 are pending in the application, claims 1-29, 32 and 52 have been cancelled.

2. Amendments to the claims, filed on August 16, 2007 have been entered in the above-identified application.

## **REJECTIONS**

3. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. Claims 30, 31, 33-51 and 53-70 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Christiansen (U.S. Patent No. 5,490,965), as evidenced by Hawley's Condensed Chemical Dictionary.

Christiansen discloses a molded element (ceramic circuit board, col. 1, line 11) that comprises brittle-fracture material (ceramic substrate, col. 3, line 58) with at least one opening (col. 3, line 57) that is sealed by a brittle-fracture sealing material consisting of glass, glass ceramic, or creamic (ceramic paste, col. 3, line 55 and col. 4, lines 7-10) which is hermetically sealed (col. 4, line 6) to said brittle-fracture material.

It is noted that Christiansen's paste before firing includes a ceramic filler and an alumina powder suspended in an organic carrier (*abstract*). However, after the seal paste is fired the

Application/Control Number: 09/780,618

Art Unit: 1794

organic carrier burns off leaving only a ceramic material which contains alumina (col. 4, lines 3-19). Furthermore, Christiansen points out that most ceramic substrates are made primarily of alumina (col. 5, lines 5-7), which is also supported by Hawley's Condensed Chemical Dictionary where it shows alumina is used in ceramics (see definition of aluminum oxide, i.e. alumina). Therefore, the final resulting sealing material will only be a material consisting of ceramic.

The limitation "wherein the brittle-fracture material and the sealing material are permanently bonded together by a pressure weld" is a method limitation and does not determine the patentability of the product, unless the process produces unexpected results. The method of forming the product is not germane to the issue of patentability of the product itself, unless Applicant presents evidence from which the Examiner could reasonably conclude that the claimed product differs in kind from those of the prior art. MPEP 2113. Furthermore, there does not appear to be a difference between the prior art structure and the structure resulting from the claimed method because Christiansen discloses that the brittle facture material and sealing material are permanently bonded with a hermetic seal.

Christiansen discloses that the brittle-fracture material is glass, glass ceramic or ceramic (col. 3, line 58). Christiansen discloses that the sealing material has a plate, spherical, conical or cylindrical shape (figure 1). Christiansen discloses that the brittle-fracture material is a glass plate, and wherein the at least one opening has the shape of a through-going cylindrical opening or through-going conical opening (figure 1).

Regarding the limitation "wherein the brittle-fracture material and the sealing material are bonded by welding by movement" is a method limitation and does not determine the patentability of the product, unless the process produces unexpected results. The method of

Art Unit: 1794

forming the product is not germane to the issue of patentability of the product itself, unless Applicant presents evidence from which the Examiner could reasonably conclude that the claimed product differs in kind from those of the prior art. MPEP 2113. Furthermore, there does not appear to be a difference between the prior art structure and the structure resulting from the claimed method because Christiansen discloses that the brittle facture material and sealing material are bonded with a hermetic seal.

Regarding the limitation "wherein the brittle-fracture material and the sealing material are bonded by ultrasound weld, high-frequency weld, rotary weld, friction weld, torsional or orbital weld, cold pressure weld or abrasive weld" is a method limitation and does not determine the patentability of the product, unless the process produces unexpected results. The method of forming the product is not germane to the issue of patentability of the product itself, unless Applicant presents evidence from which the Examiner could reasonably conclude that the claimed product differs in kind from those of the prior art. MPEP 2113. Furthermore, there does not appear to be a difference between the prior art structure and the structure resulting from the claimed method because Christiansen discloses that the brittle facture material and sealing material are bonded with a hermetic seal.

The limitation "wherein the brittle-fracture material and the sealing material are permanently bonded together by a cold pressure weld" is a method limitation and does not determine the patentability of the product, unless the process produces unexpected results. The method of forming the product is not germane to the issue of patentability of the product itself, unless Applicant presents evidence from which the Examiner could reasonably conclude that the claimed product differs in kind from those of the prior art. MPEP 2113. Furthermore, there does

Art Unit: 1794

not appear to be a difference between the prior art structure and the structure resulting from the claimed method because Christiansen discloses that the brittle facture material and sealing material are permanently bonded with a hermetic seal.

The limitation "wherein the brittle-fracture material and the sealing material are permanently bonded together by a diffusion weld" is a method limitation and does not determine the patentability of the product, unless the process produces unexpected results. The method of forming the product is not germane to the issue of patentability of the product itself, unless Applicant presents evidence from which the Examiner could reasonably conclude that the claimed product differs in kind from those of the prior art. MPEP 2113. Furthermore, there does not appear to be a difference between the prior art structure and the structure resulting from the claimed method because Christiansen discloses that the brittle facture material and sealing material are permanently bonded with a hermetic seal.

The preamble "laminated glass system," "an electrochromic" and "mirror" is deemed to be a statement with regard to the intended use and is not further limiting in so far as the structure of the product is concerned. In article claims, a claimed intended use must result in a *structural difference* between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. MPEP § 2111.02. Furthermore, the new limitations in claims 53, 55 and 56 merely modify the intended use and are not positively recited as a combination.

## ANSWERS TO APPLICANT'S ARGUMENTS

5. Applicant's arguments in the response filed August 16, 2007 regarding the 35 U.S.C. 102(b) rejection over Christiansen reference of record have been considered but are unpersuasive.

Applicant argued that the excerpt from the book titled <u>Principles of Welding, Processes</u>, <u>Physics, Chemistry</u> demonstrated the effect on the structure of the materials bonded by a variety of welding techniques. Applicant further argued that the structures of the products obtained by differing welding processes are different.

The Examiner has read the excerpt from <u>Principles of Welding, Processes, Physics</u>,

<u>Chemistry.</u> However, as pointed out in the office action, method limitations, such as "bonded together by a pressure weld," do not determine the patentability of the product, unless the process produces *unexpected results*. The method of forming the product is not germane to the issue of patentability of the product itself, unless Applicant presents *evidence* from which the Examiner could reasonably conclude that the claimed product differs in kind from those of the prior art. MPEP 2113.

The excerpt from <u>Principles of Welding, Processes, Physics, Chemistry</u> discusses different types of welds but does not discuss why one is better then the other or what unexpected results would occur in brittle facture material in regard to each type of weld.

Applicant argues that Christiansen fails to disclose an opening which has a through-going cylindrical or conical opening. The examiner stated in the rejection that figure 1 shows this limitation. Applicant has failed to specifically point out how the reference does not teach this limitation.

### Conclusion

6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alicia Chevalier whose telephone number is (571) 272-1490. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8:00 am to 4:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Rena Dye, can be reached on (571) 272-3186. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

Application/Control Number: 09/780,618

Art Unit: 1794

Page 8

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

10/28/07